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Week 4: Di erentiation

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Solutions
       = 2<sup>3</sup>
 1.
                +\frac{1}{2}+10
    (a) Find —
           Solution: -
                                                                 \bar{2}^{-2}.
      (b) Find \frac{2}{-2}
           Solution: \frac{2}{2} = -\frac{-3}{2} + \frac{-3}{2}.
      = <sup>3</sup> - 4 <sup>2</sup> - 3 + 9
 3.
      (a) Find —
           Solution: 3<sup>2</sup> - 8 - 3
      (b) Find the range values of x for which y is increasing
           Solution: y is increasing when the gradient is positive, i.e. when \langle -\frac{1}{3} \rangle and \langle -\frac{1}{3} \rangle and \langle -\frac{1}{3} \rangle
4. Let () = 5^{2} + 4\sin(3) Find ()
    Solution: () = 10 + 12\cos(3)
5. Given that () = \frac{1}{(+2)} find ()
      (a) using the product rule,
           Solution: () = (-1)(+2)^{-2} + (+2)^{-1} = \frac{2}{(+2)^2}
      (b) using the quotient rule.
           Solution: -=\frac{+2-}{(+2)^2}=\frac{2}{(+2)^2}.
      =\frac{2}{-+4} Find ()
6.
    Solution: \frac{^2+8}{(+4)^2}
 7. Di erentiate with respect to
     (a) (^{2} - 4)^{3}
           Solution: 6 ( ^2 - 4)^2
      (b) 2(3^{2} + 1)^{6}
           Solution: 72 (3^{2} + 1)^{5}
             ^{2} + 3
      (c)
      Solution: (2 + 3)^{2+3}
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